

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

between

The Regional Municipality of Niagara

The Town of Fort Erie

The Town of Grimsby

The Town of Lincoln

The City of Niagara Falls

The Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake

The Town of Pelham

The City of Port Colborne

The City of St. Catharines

The City of Thorold

The Township of Wainfleet

The City of Welland

The Township of West Lincoln

Planning Function and Services in Niagara

March 2019

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Part 1

Preamble

Part 1 – Preamble

1.1 Introduction

The Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) has been prepared for the following thirteen government planning authorities (hereafter referred to as Parties), which operate within a two-tier system in the Niagara Region planning area:

- a) The Council for the Regional Municipality of Niagara (Region); and
- b) The Councils of the Town of Fort Erie, the Town of Grimsby, the Town of Lincoln, the City of Niagara Falls, The Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake, the Town of Pelham, the City of Port Colborne, the City of St. Catharines, the City of Thorold, the Township of Wainfleet, the City of Welland and the Township of West Lincoln (collectively referred to as the “area municipalities”);

The purpose of this MOU is to update and clarify the respective roles and responsibilities of the Parties, as well as to be an instrument of continuously improving service and relationship management. This revised MOU sets the foundation for undertaking transformational changes into the future and confirms the framework within which the Parties will function and provide planning services.

The MOU has been collaboratively developed by the MOU Working Group, a sub-group of the Niagara Area Planners. The MOU has been reviewed, refined and endorsed by the Niagara Area Planners. The MOU was also presented for discussion to the CAOs, Building Officials and Public Works group meetings during January/February 2019.

1.2 Background

In 2007, the Region, area municipalities and NPCA signed a Memorandum of Understanding (2007 MOU) for improving the planning function in Niagara. The primary function was to be a relationship management tool with a focus on the respective roles and responsibilities of the signing parties for policy planning and the review of development applications. The 2007 MOU was reviewed and revised in 2011 and again in 2014.

The 2007 MOU (as amended) succeeded in managing relationships, reducing duplication and effecting continuous improvements. However, significant changes have more recently occurred in Niagara, in terms of legislation, relationships, resources, and growth that have impacted the established roles and responsibilities.

Following discussions at Niagara Area Planners, in September 2017, reports were presented to Regional Council and the NPCA (PDS-43-2017 and CR-92-17 respectively) outlining the need to update the 2007 MOU, as amended, as well as the 2008 Protocol for Plan Review and Technical Clearance between the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority and Niagara Region (2008 Protocol).¹

A priority was established for updating the 2008 Protocol due to new directions within the NPCA that required the NPCA and Regional roles to be realigned. This work was undertaken in Fall 2017. The revised Protocol was approved by Regional Council and the NPCA in January 2018 and came into effect upon these approvals.

The 2018 Protocol shifted responsibility for reviewing policy and development applications and providing technical clearance services ensuring compliance with the Regional Official Plan and Provincial legislation to the Region. In addition, the Region also took on responsibility for stormwater management review. A full description of the Region and NPCA's roles and responsibilities are detailed in the 2018 Protocol, which is attached to this MOU as Appendix III, and is to be read in conjunction with the MOU. Following the approval and implementation of the 2018 Protocol, work commenced to update the MOU.

1.3 Goal

The MOU established a goal of having “an integrated and seamless planning system that is embraced and easily understood by Councils, the public, applicants and staff that encourages participation in policy development and application processing.” This goal continues to have relevance; however, it does not address all of the principles of the ideal planning system. To assist the Parties in managing growth and change while protecting the natural environment, agricultural land base and cultural heritage, the goal of this MOU is having:

A Niagara region planning system that is:

- Integrated
- Efficient
- Collaborative

¹ The 2008 Protocol consolidated planning services with respect to the natural environment.

- Proactive
- Solution focused
- Consistent
- Predictable
- Easily understood
- Transparent, and
- Responsive.

1.4 Objectives

This MOU seeks to achieve the following objectives:

- To clarify respective roles and responsibilities with respect to the provision of planning services;
- To deliver timely, accurate, effective and customer-focused planning services;
- To eliminate unnecessary duplication to maximize the utilization of existing resources and technical expertise and, where possible, coordinate efforts;
- To develop transparent, effective, efficient and collaborative processes for policy development;
- To pursue improvements to the planning application processes that achieve good planning, streamlining, predictability and consistency;
- To improve on communications between regional, NPCA and area planners to work together more effectively and efficiently;
- To identify an approach/process to interpret policy thereby ensuring consistency both now and in the future;
- To develop a model that demonstrates how planning services are appropriately resourced and structured;
- To hear and understand the needs and desires of the public;
- To ensure that public aspirations are considered and communicated in the planning process;
- To develop transparent, easily understood processes for community engagement;
- To monitor the performance of this MOU and service delivery;
- To encourage public participation in policy development and development review; and
- To ensure the MOU is embraced and easily understood by Councils, the public, applicants and staff.

1.5 Authority

There are several land use policy planning approvals that rightly are addressed at the Regional Municipality level – these will be retained as expressed in the MOU. However, the Council of the Regional Municipality is empowered by The Planning Act to delegate all or parts of its approval authorities to its Area Municipalities subject to such conditions as the Regional Council deems appropriate. In 1997 and 1999, Regional Council adopted by-laws delegating authority for the approval of subdivisions and consents (respectively) to the local municipal Councils.

In 1996, the Province of Ontario transferred the responsibility to review planning applications for Provincial interests to the Regional Municipality of Niagara on behalf of the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing, Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry, Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport, and Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs. Matters of provincial interest are identified in the Planning Act S.2 and further defined in Provincial legislation, such as the Growth Plan for the Greater Golden Horseshoe. There is a need to clarify the roles and responsibilities of the Region and area municipalities with respect to some provincial interests, as follows:

- Growth Management: The Region allocates population and employment growth to the area municipalities. The area municipalities distribute population and employment growth within their communities.
- Water and Wastewater Services: The Region is responsible for all connections to the Region's trunks and pipes.
- Urban Design: The Region has an interest in urban design along Regional Roads.
- Natural Heritage and Water Resources: The Region has an interest in Natural Heritage and Water Resources (see Protocol).

While not a party to this MOU, the Region and area municipalities work collaboratively with the NPCA and recognize its authority. The NPCA is an autonomous corporate body established under the Conservation Authorities Act with a mandate, as set out in Section 20 of the Conservation Authorities Act, to establish and undertake programs designed to further the conservation, restoration, development and management of natural resources. NPCA comments are limited to natural environment interests as set out in legislation, regulation and/or delegated authority (as detailed in the 2018 Protocol).

1.6 Jurisdiction

This MOU applies to those lands within the Regional Municipality of Niagara. It is noted that a portion of Grimsby is under the Hamilton Conservation Authority's jurisdiction.

1.7 Definitions:

Complete Application means:

Submission of prescribed requirements under the Planning Act including all application fees, application form and application requirements determined in consultation with the Lead Agency and commenting/review Parties. In addition to the compulsory requirements, supplementary information may also be required. The requirements of a Complete Application will be determined through pre-consultation.

Interests means:

The interests of the Party as defined by its approved plans, policies, programs and delegated authorities, and as further defined within this MOU.

Lead Agency means:

The organization responsible for coordinating the processing of a development application, policy project or environmental assessments;

Lead Agency for Technical Study means:

The organization responsible for the principal review of a technical study(s) ensuring compliance and conformity with related applicable legislation.

Niagara Area Planners means:

A group representing the Parties that collaborate on matters of common interest. This group is comprised of planning and development directors or their designate.

Planning Application Review means:

The review of planning applications (including formal pre-consultation) under the *Planning Act*, the *Niagara Escarpment Planning and Development Act* and the *Environmental Assessment Act*, which may include:

1. The identification of the need for and review of related technical reports (including scoping); and/or
2. The identification of conditions of approval.

Policy Review means:

1. The review of existing or new policy documents, such as stormwater management guidelines, watershed studies, secondary plans and background studies; and/or
2. The identification of the need for and review of related technical reports.

Technical Clearance Review means:

1. The assessment of technical reports submitted by a proponent of development to determine if the reports satisfy the specified requirements; and
2. The clearing of conditions.

Part 2 - Roles and Responsibilities of the Parties

2.1 Policy and Implementation Planning

The Parties agree that successfully meeting the objectives for this MOU will require a collaborative approach to policy and implementation planning. The signatories are committed to developing Niagara and building good communities.

The parties agree to provide comments based on:

- Legislative, regulatory or delegated authority,
- Council approved policies and by-laws,
- Interests that have been identified through this MOU, pre-consultation, terms of reference, complete application requirements, and/or requisite studies.

Specific provisions related to roles and responsibilities are provided in this MOU and Table 1 - Responsibilities by Application Type, Report, Submission.

The Parties agree that a high degree of policy alignment is important in advancing an integrated and consistent planning system. In order to achieve policy alignment, the Parties agree to collaborate and include the following measures for each policy planning project and implementation of projects:

- Pre-consultation with relevant partners, prior to project start-up, identifying areas of common interest,
- Placement of appropriate representation on project steering committees;
- Agreed-to milestone meetings, consultations, and document review;
- Mutually satisfactory review protocols with shared commitment to timeliness; and
- Work collaboratively toward sharing GIS files and data.

Policy Planning

The following are the means by which Policy Planning will be conducted by the Parties for specific types of policy planning projects.

2.1.1 Regional Official Plan and Amendments (ROPAs)

Approval of the Regional Official Plan rests with the Province of Ontario. The Adoption of ROPAs rests with Regional Council. Area Municipalities provide comments based on circulation by the Region. The Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority (NPCA) comments to Region during circulation.

2.1.2 Area Municipal Comprehensive Official Plans and Non Site-Specific LOPAs

Approval rests with Regional Council. The Area Municipality prepares the Comprehensive Official Plan, collaboratively with direct involvement of Regional Planning and NPCA *prior* to releasing a draft Official Plan for public comment. The NPCA provides comments during circulation.

2.1.3 Area Municipal Site Specific and Policy Specific Official Plan Amendments

For the purposes of this Section, 'site specific' means that the proposal:

- is single application on a single property or multiple contiguous properties under single ownership or control; and
- does not require a Regional Official Plan Amendment or Secondary Plan.

Area Municipality approves and Region provides comments during circulation stage and reviews draft Official Plan Amendment prior to adoption. The NPCA provides comments during circulation stage.

2.1.4 Secondary Plans

Approval rests with the Region, except where deemed exempt as per the Regional Official Plan. The Region will determine whether the Secondary Plan is exempt from Regional approval within the timeframe outlined in Table 2. ²

The Area Municipality prepares the Secondary Plan, collaboratively with direct involvement of Regional Planning and NPCA:

- in the development of the Terms of Reference, Scope of Work or Initiation Report
- the review of the draft Secondary Plan policies and mapping/schedules prior to release for public comment

² The MOU Group has identified a need to review and update Regional Official Plan policies with respect to local Official Plan Amendment exemptions, specifically related to Secondary Plans. This item has been included in the Niagara Area Planners' Work Program for Improvements 2019-2022 (attached as Appendix I).

The Region provides comments on the Secondary Plan within the timeframe outlined in Table 2. The NPCA provides comments during circulation.

2.1.5 Community Improvement Plans

Proponent, either Region or Area Municipality, approves the CIP. If Regional funding is provided (subject to Regional budget approvals), proponent municipality prepares the Community Improvement Plan, collaboratively with direct involvement of the Area Municipality, Regional Planning and NPCA:

- in the development of the Terms of Reference, Scope of Work or Initiation Report
- in the development committees pertaining to CIP creation

The Region will review the draft Community Improvement Plan policies and mapping/schedules prior to release for public comment. Non-proponent, Region or Area Municipality comments during circulation. Conversely, the Area Municipality will review draft Regional Community Improvement Plan policies and mapping/schedules prior to release for public comment. The NPCA provides comments during circulation.

2.1.6 Niagara Escarpment Plan Amendments

Approval rests with Province. The Region comments during circulation. The Area Municipality comments during circulation. The NPCA comments during circulation.

2.1.7 Regional Environmental Assessments

Approval rests with Province. The Region adopts. The Area Municipality comments during circulation. The NPCA comments during circulation.

2.1.8 Local Environmental Assessments

Approval rests with Province. The Area Municipality adopts. The Region comments during circulation. The NPCA comments during circulation..

2.1.9 Special Studies

The principal or lead proponent of any special study is the agency that is responsible for adopting. In the event of joint studies, all proponent agencies

adopt. The relevant partners participate in the process via a collaborative framework that is established at the beginning of the study process.

Implementation Planning

The Parties agree that successfully meeting the objectives for this MOU will involve placing responsibility for implementation planning primarily with the Area Municipalities as the legislated/delegated approval authority for such activity.

The following are the means by which Implementation Planning will be conducted by the Parties for specific types of Implementation Planning activities.

2.1.10 Comprehensive Zoning By-laws

Area Municipality approves. The Area municipality prepares the Comprehensive Zoning By-law, collaboratively with direct involvement of Regional Planning and NPCA *prior* to releasing a draft Comprehensive Zoning By-law for public comment. The NPCA comments during circulation.

2.1.11 Zoning By-law Amendments

Area Municipality approves. Based on Table 1 and Section 3.3.4, Region may comment during circulation. The NPCA provides comments upon request by Area Municipality.

2.1.12 Draft Plans of Subdivision

Area Municipality approves. Based on Table 1 and Section 3.3.4, Region comments during circulation of new Draft Plans. The NPCA provides comments upon request by Area Municipality.

2.1.13 Plans of Condominium

Area Municipality approves. The Region comments during circulation, for vacant land condominiums and for conversions of rental housing to condominiums, based on Table 1 and Section 3.3.4. The NPCA provides comments upon request by Area Municipality.

2.1.14 Consents

Area Municipality approves. Based on Table 1 and Section 3.3.4, Region may comment during circulation. The NPCA provides comments upon request by Area Municipality.

2.1.15 Minor Variances

Area Municipality approves. Based on Table 1 and Section 3.3.4, Region may comment during circulation. The NPCA provides comments upon request by Area Municipality.

2.1.16 Site Plan Control

Area Municipality approves. Based on Table 1 and Section 3.3.4, Region may comment during circulation. The NPCA provides comments upon request by Area Municipality.

2.1.17 Niagara Escarpment Development

Region provides comments, upon circulation. The Area Municipality provides comments, upon circulation. The NPCA provides comments, upon circulation.

2.2 Roles and Responsibilities with Respect to Environmental Features

2.2.1 This MOU gives overall direction for the coordinated review of development applications, policy planning and environmental assessments. For purposes of clarity with respect to environmental features, the NPCA reviews development applications, policy and environmental assessments, in accordance with the Conservation Ontario MOU with the Province to ensure consistency with Conservation Authority Regulation, NPCA Board adopted Policies and Section 3.1. Natural Hazards of the Provincial Policy Statement (except Section 3.1.8). This may include providing comments directly to MMAH as part of the provincial one window process. Through the approved 2018 Protocol the NPCA agreed to copy the Region and area municipality on all correspondence.

2.2.2 The approved 2018 Protocol identifies the roles and responsibilities of the Region and NPCA in Ontario's Land Use Planning System with respect to environmental matters. The 2018 Protocol (as may be amended) is to be read concurrent with this MOU.

2.2.3 The Region agrees to prepare and maintain, with the assistance of the NPCA and Area Municipalities, a Natural Environment Information Map for the lands within its jurisdiction.³ This map shall define the Region, Area Municipalities and NPCA geographic areas of interest in the Natural Environment including the following features and required buffers:

- All streams and watercourses;
- Environmental designations and Policies in the Regional Official Plan
- Lake Ontario and Lake Erie Shoreline;
- Regulated Areas under Section 28 of the Conservation Authorities Act; and
- Mapping of Natural Heritage Features and Areas as defined by the Provincial Policy Statement, Greenbelt Plan, and any other Provincial Policy Document.

³ This statement recognizes that a portion of Grimsby is under Hamilton Conservation Authority jurisdiction with respect to natural hazards.

Part 3 – Development Application Review Processes

3.1 General

The Parties agree that the timely, efficient and predictable review of development applications is paramount to encouraging well planned, affordable development in the region. Part 3 – Development Application Review Processes identifies segments of the development review process that benefit from clarification and agreement.

3.2 Preliminary Review

A preliminary review occurs prior to Pre-consultation. Its purpose is to gather information and is typically part of a developer's due diligence. Preliminary discussions about a potential development application benefit the applicant by supplying early information about the land, process and possible issues. An important part of a preliminary review is providing direction on the Pre-Consultation Process. In particular, the applicant needs to understand what information is required by the parties prior to pre-consultation and any fees.

3.3 Pre-Consultation

Pre-consultation is a requirement for most Planning Act Applications. It requires specific actions by the applicant and each of the Parties with an *interest* in the development. After pre-consultation the applicant should have a clear understanding of the documentation required to submit a Complete Application (Section 3.4) as well as preliminary comments regarding whether the proposal will be supported by the Region and the Area Municipalities

3.3.1 Required Information⁴

Prior to scheduling a pre-consultation meeting, the Lead Agency will determine which Parties should attend the meeting and require specific information from the applicant to provide to the attending Parties in order that the Parties may complete an initial review. The required information will vary depending on the type of application, but generally includes:

- A completed Pre-consultation Request Form, including permission to enter property,
- The required fee (if applicable),
- Preliminary Plans showing the following:
 - Location of existing and proposed land uses, buildings and structures;

⁴ The MOU Group has identified an issue with respect to the consistency in the information circulated for preparation of a pre-consultation meeting. The lack of information diminishes the benefits of pre-consultation. Standardization of forms and required information would help in this regard. This item has been included in the Niagara Area Planners' Work Program for Improvements 2019-2022 (attached as Appendix I).

- Location of significant features on the site and adjacent to the site (i.e. wetlands, hazard lands, watercourses, woodlands, wells, septic tanks, etc.);
- Existing and proposed lot fabric (as appropriate); and
- Proposed development concept, including setbacks from lot lines and significant features.

3.3.2 Circulation/Timelines

Refer to Table 2 for circulation/timelines. If the circulated information is incomplete and/or the timeline is not met, the commenting agencies may request in writing the rescheduling of the pre-consultation meeting to offer better service and outline of study requirements.

Commenting agencies may conduct site visits prior to the date of the pre-consultation meeting, where time permits, to inform discussion at the meeting regarding the scoping of required studies.

3.3.3 Required Studies and Scoping of Studies⁵

The Terms of Reference, or the minimum requirements for each of the required studies will be discussed during the pre-consultation process. The objectives and parameters of the studies will be agreed to prior to them being undertaken in accordance with the Local and Regional Official Plans as well as accompanying guidelines.

The following is agreed to with respect to requesting and scoping studies:

- When determining the need for a study or plan, the Party requiring the study shall scope the study by identifying the specific necessary information. In addition, the Party requesting the study may offer to review the Terms of Reference.
- When more than one Party requests the same study, it is essential that a collaborative approach for scoping and Terms of Reference review occurs to ensure that all matters are addressed, and the applicant understands the requirements.
- For clarity, the NPCA has a role in scoping Environment Impact Studies (EIS) and reviewing the Terms of Reference for EIS and similar reports where natural hazards (as defined in the 2018 Protocol) and NPCA Regulation/Policy are required to be addressed.

⁵ The MOU Group has identified the need for standardized Terms of Reference for required studies. Standardization would help in scoping studies as well as ensure consistency. This need has been included on the Niagara Area Planners' Work Program for Improvements 2019-2022 (see Appendix I).

- In the event that one or more studies have been undertaken prior to pre-consultation, the Parties retain the right to require revisions to ensure that the studies are completed in accordance with requirements.
- All required studies shall be prepared and signed by a qualified professional.
- The Province has downloaded the responsibility to determine the need for an Archeological Study to the Region. Where an approved Archeological Master Plan has been incorporated into a Local Official Plan, this responsibility, as well as any related clearance of condition(s), will fall to the Lead Agency.

3.3.4 Exemption from Application Review by the Region⁶

All development applications are circulated to the Region for review, except where the Region has determined through pre-consultation that the development proposal is exempt from further circulation and review. Examples include, but are not limited to:

1. Zoning By-law Amendment applications for “Agricultural Purposes Only” required as a condition of consent
2. Zoning By-law Amendment, Consent, Minor Variance and Site Plan applications where:
 - The application is not situated on a Regional road, easement or facility, or as determined at the pre-consultation meeting,
 - The Region has indicated during the pre-consultation process that there are no Provincial or Regional interests, and
 - The application received by the area municipality is the same as reviewed at pre-consultation.
3. Zoning By-law Amendment applications as a condition of consent, where Provincial and Regional interests have been dealt with through the consent application.
4. Draft Plans of Condominium, Site Plan and Part Lot Control applications where:
 - Provincial and Regional interests have been dealt with through a previous or concurrent development review process, provided no changes have been made to the application which effects Provincial or Regional interests

⁶ The MOU Group has identified the need for a standardized letter to be provided at a pre-consultation meeting that acknowledges the potential for exemption from further review on the part of a Party. This need has been included on the Niagara Area Planners’ Work Program for Improvements 2019-2022 (see Appendix I).

3.3.5 Fees

Each of the parties to the pre-consultation shall identify the fees required for application review, including the identification of additional costs should a peer review of a technical study be required.

The Parties agree not to charge each other fees for applications processed under the Planning Act.

3.3.6 Incentives

Each of the Parties to the pre-Consultation will endeavor to identify financial incentive programs, if any, that the project may be eligible for. Incentives available from either the Region or Area Municipality are subject to both program changes and budget approvals. As such, incentives identified at pre-Consultation may not be available at time of construction.

3.4 Complete Applications

3.4.1 Submission Requirements⁷

The requirements of a Complete Application are determined during pre-consultation and provided in writing to the applicant by the Lead Agency in consultation with the commenting agencies.

The Lead Agency will review the application submission to ensure all required materials (forms, fees, plans, studies, etc.), as requested by all commenting agencies, are provided, and deem the application complete or not.

3.4.2 Circulation and Development Application Review Timelines

The Planning Act and related Regulations identify statutory timelines for the review of Complete Applications by the Lead Agency. In order to ensure the statutory timelines are met, the Parties agree that the commenting agencies, as identified in Table 1 – Responsibilities by Application Type, Report, Submission, shall use best efforts to complete the review of all

⁷ In addition to the information prescribed in *Planning Act Regulations*, the *Planning Act* also provides that the applicant may also be required to provide additional information provided the Municipality's Official Plan contains a provision related to the requirements. All of these requirements are identified during the pre-consultation process.

applications in accordance with the timelines identified in Table 2 – Non-statutory Development Application Review Timelines.

3.5 Application Review and Commenting

3.5.1 The Parties agree, where possible, to streamline commenting methods by using standardized wording in emails, forms, letters, conditions of approval etc.

3.5.2 When a concern and/or condition of approval is not supported by the Lead Agency, the Lead Agency shall inform the commenting agency and initiate discussions to resolve the issue.

In the case of multiple applications for the same land, the Lead Agency shall use the greater of the timelines.

Revisions to applications during the review process may result in the review period being extended depending on the complexity of the revisions and the need for revised studies.

When new issues arise from the analysis of studies during application review which results in the need for additional information or study, addendums to the study may be required and additional review time may be required to review any addendums.

3.6 Other

3.6.1 Extensions of Draft Plan Approval

The Parties agree that the request for an extension to a draft approved Plan of Subdivision or Condominium be received, with the required review fee, and circulated for comment by the Area Municipality, not the applicant.⁸

3.6.2 Modifications to Conditions of Draft Plan Approval

The Parties agree that the request for a modification to a draft approved Plan of Subdivision or Condominium be received, with the required review fee, and circulated for comment by the Area Municipality, not the applicant.

⁸ The MOU Group has identified the possibility of exemption for a request for extension to a draft approved Plan of Subdivision or Condominium by the Region and NPCA. This idea has been included on the Niagara Area Planners' Work Program for Improvements 2019-2022 (see Appendix I).

3.6.3 Clearance of Conditions of Draft Plan Approval

The Parties agree that the request for formal clearance of conditions of Draft Plan of Subdivision or Condominium be received and circulated by the Area Municipality, not the applicant. The Area Municipality is also responsible for circulating a copy of the draft agreement. The applicant's submissions shall include the following:

- the required review fee
- a letter from the applicant which outlines how each Regional condition has been met, accompanied by the necessary supporting documents⁹

3.6.4 Support Services

The Region may offer support services to the Area Municipalities on a fee for service basis. These services are identified in Appendix II – Support Services - Niagara Region, and may be modified on the advisement of the Region without amendment to this MOU.

3.6.5 Applications for New or Expanded Mineral Aggregate Operations

For applications for new or expanded mineral aggregate operations a Joint Agency Review Team (JART) process will be considered. The JART is a streamlined process that allows for the coordination of applications and sharing of resources and expertise, while maintaining independent decision-making authority.

⁹ The Region will continue to review submissions related to individual conditions prior to receiving the formal request for clearance

Part 4 - Managing Relationships with Other Governments on Planning Matters

4.1 Provincial Interest

When a planning matter arises in terms of Provincial interest and the administration of same, area municipalities will channel their concerns through the Regional Municipality with the expectation that the Regional Municipality will facilitate/coordinate an understanding between Provincial authorities and local interests.

4.2 Federal Interest

When a planning matter arises in terms of Federal interest and the administration of same, area municipalities will channel their concerns through the Regional Municipality with the expectation that the Regional Municipality will facilitate/coordinate an understanding between Federal authorities and local interests.

4.3 Other Governments

When significant planning matters arise from the efforts and activities of neighbouring municipalities, such as the City of Hamilton and the County of Haldimand in Ontario and Erie and Niagara Counties in Western New York, the signatories will present a unified and singular position with coordination being provided by the Region.

Part 5 - Continuous Improvement Efforts

5.1 Working Groups

As part of this MOU, the Parties have committed to undertaking continuous improvement efforts and agree that the Niagara Area Planners establish a working team or teams to determine and implement, as feasible, best practices in policy planning and development application review.

5.2 Work Program for Improvements

As a result of the Development Industry Round Table meeting, MOU Group discussions and other consultations, several areas for improvement were identified. The MOU has been revised to address many of those improvements. Suggested improvements which require research, analysis or amendments to policy prior to implementation have been included in Appendix I - Niagara Area Planners' Work Program for Improvements 2019-2022.

5.3 Training Opportunities

The Parties agree to assess opportunities to jointly/collaboratively train staff on matters pertaining to improving service efficiencies. The Parties agree to assess opportunities to jointly/collaboratively educate staff on related and pertinent topics, such as changing legislation. Where feasible, education/training will be offered to members of the development industry and consultants to develop common understandings planning matters.

Interested parties may explore opportunities related to cross-training Staff through secondment and job-shadowing, in addition to sharing of resources.

Part 6 - MOU Terms and Implementation

6.1 Duration and Review

This MOU shall remain in effect until such time as replaced by an updated MOU (if any). A mandatory review shall occur a minimum of every 5 years to:

- reflect any changing policies or programs at the provincial, watershed, or regional level, and
- assess its effectiveness, relevance and appropriateness with respect to the affected parties.

The mandatory review shall be coordinated by the Region, undertaken by the MOU technical review team and overseen by the Niagara Area Planners.

The MOU may be reviewed at any time before the mandatory review if there are matters that need to be addressed. Based on a review by the MOU technical review team, changes considered minor in nature may not require Regional or local Council approvals. This MOU will be reviewed and amended concurrent with the new Regional Official Plan.

The Appendices are intended to be independent of the MOU and may be reviewed and amended, as necessary.

6.2 Overlapping Mandate

There will be occasions when the responsibilities of the Parties overlap. On those occasions, the Parties shall work together to provide consistent and sound comments. This will be accomplished by maintaining open dialogue and a good working relationship.

6.3 Conflict

Where there is conflict between new (changing) legislation and this MOU, new legislation will take precedence.

Where there is a conflict between an Official Plan, the NPCA Regulation and/or Board adopted policies, the Regulation shall take precedence.

Where there are conflicts, Regional, NPCA and local municipal staff will work together to resolve the issue. If all efforts fail to resolve a policy conflict, a decision will be made by the approval authority, as per Table 1.

6.4 Information Sharing / Open Data

Any information or data sources generated by the Province, NPCA or Region, or generated through municipal or watershed studies will be shared, where possible.

6.5 Fees

Fees for pre-consultation, planning review and technical clearance services will be set independently by the Parties.

All development application fees will be collected by the Area municipalities and remitted to the Region and NPCA upon circulation of a complete application, except for Regional Official Plan amendment applications.

The Region and Municipality will collect the NPCA fee for applications to amend the Region's Official Plan and remit any fees collected upon circulation of the application to the NPCA.

The NPCA will be responsible for collecting any further processing, approvals and/or Final Clearance Fees, if required.

The NPCA and Region will provide the area municipalities with an approved schedule of fees and updates.

6.6 Effective Date

This MOU will take effect on the last date signed by the Parties to this MOU.

Part 7 - Tables

Table 1 - Responsibilities by Application Type, Report, Submission

| Application Type | Lead Agency | Commenting Agencies | Responsibility for Final Approval | Mandated Approval Authority |
|---|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Application Type | | | | |
| Regional Official Plan and updating Amendments (under Sect. 26 Planning Act) | Region | Local NPCA Province | MMAH | Planning Act S. 17 and s. 26 |
| Regional Official Plan Amendments (other than above) | Region | Local NPCA Province | Region | Planning Act S.22 |
| Local Official Plan, updating Amendments to Local Official Plans, Secondary Plans and other non-exempt Local Official Plan Amendments ¹⁰ | Local | Region NPCA | Region | Planning Act, Regional Official Plan |
| Exempt Local Official Plan Amendments and Secondary Plans ¹¹ | Local | Region NPCA | Local | O.Reg 699/98, Planning Act, Regional Official Plan |
| Zoning By-Law/Amendments | Local | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act S. 34 |
| Minor Variance/Permissions | Local | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act S. 45 |
| Draft Plans of Subdivision | Local | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act S.51 and Regional By-laws ¹² |
| Draft Plan of Condominium | Local | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act S. 51 and Regional By-laws ¹³ |
| Consent/Boundary Adjustments | Local | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act S. 53 and Regional By-laws ¹⁴ |

¹⁰ Regional Official Plan Policies 14.E.7 and 14.E.8 identify criteria under which approval of Local Official Plan Amendments may be delegated to the local Council for approval.

¹¹ Regional Official Plan Policies 14.E.7 and 14.E.8 identify criteria under which approval of Local Official Plan Amendments may be delegated to the local Council for approval. Ontario Regulation 699/98 and Regional By-laws 129-2001 and 43-2001.

¹² Delegation Authority By-laws 8620-97, 8763-97, 8760-97, 8819-97, 8764-97, 8793-97, 8792-97, 8807-97, 8761-97, 8884-97, 8619-97, 8762-97.

¹³ Delegation Authority By-laws 8620-97, 8763-97, 8760-97, 8819-97, 8764-97, 8793-97, 8792-97, 8807-97, 8761-97, 8884-97, 8619-97, 8762-97

¹⁴ Delegation Authority By-laws 179-1999, 180-1999, 181-199, 182-1999, 183-1999, 184-1999, 185-1999, 186-1999, 187-1999, 188-1999, 188-1999, 124-1999.

| Application Type | Lead Agency | Commenting Agencies | Responsibility for Final Approval | Mandated Approval Authority |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Part Lot Control | Local | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act S. 50 and Reg. By-laws ¹⁵ |
| Site Plan | Local | Region, NPCA | Local | Planning Act S. 41 |
| NEC Applications: Amendments and Permits ¹⁶ | NEC | Local, Region NPCA | NEC | Niagara Escarpment and Development Act |
| Aggregate License | MNRF Region | Local, Region NPCA | MNRF | Aggregate Resources Act S.11 |
| Environmental Assessments | Local/Region /Province | Local, Region NPCA | Local/ Region/ Province | Environmental Assessment Act |
| Reports / Submissions | | Commenting Agencies | Prepared to the Satisfaction of: | Mandated Approval Authority |
| <i>EIS in a NPCA Regulated Area</i> | | Region Local | NPCA | O. Reg. 155/06, PPS, Regional Official Plan |
| <i>EIS outside Settlement Area¹⁷</i> | | NPCA Local | Region | Regional Official Plan |
| <i>EIS inside Settlement Area^{18,19}</i> | | NPCA Region | Local | Regional Official Plan |
| Watershed Studies | | Region | Local NPCA | Region |
| Sub-Watershed Studies | | Local | Region NPCA | Local |
| Technical Reports for Natural Hazard Identification | | Local Region | NPCA | PPS, Conservation Act S. 28 |
| Regional Master Servicing Plans | | Local NPCA | Region | Regional Official Plan |
| Regional Stormwater Master Plan/Guidelines | | Local NPCA | Region | Regional Official Plan |
| Regional Transportation Plans | | Local NPCA | Region | Regional Official Plan |
| Local Master Servicing Plans | | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act, Local Official Plan |

¹⁵ Delegation Authority By-laws 8620-97, 8763-97, 8760-97, 8819-97, 8764-97, 8793-97, 8792-97, 8807-97, 8761-97, 8884-97, 8619-97, 8762-97.

¹⁶ The Niagara Escarpment Commission is not a party to this MOU.

¹⁷ Notwithstanding the EIS is outside the Settlement Area, if the EIS includes a NPCA Regulated Area, the NPCA shall be the Lead and responsible for Final Approval of the EIS for the regulated features.

¹⁸ Notwithstanding the EIS is within the Settlement Area, if the EIS includes a NPCA Regulated Area, the NPCA shall be the Lead and responsible for Final Approval of the EIS for the regulated features.

¹⁹ Where an area municipality does not have in-house expertise to review an EIS, the area municipality may require a peer review.

| Application Type | Lead Agency | Commenting Agencies | Responsibility for Final Approval | Mandated Approval Authority |
|---|-------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Local Stormwater Master Plan/Guidelines | | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act, Local Official Plan |
| Local Transportation Plans | | Region NPCA | Local | Planning Act, Local Official Plan |

Table 2 - Non-Statutory Development Application Review Timelines

| Application Type | Pre-Consultation | Target for Comments After Circulation of a Complete Application |
|--|--|--|
| Site specific Regional Official Plan Amendment | Commenting agencies to receive required information/plans a min. of 7 calendar days prior to pre-consultation. | Parties to provide comments within 20 calendar days |
| Secondary Plan (Local Official Plan Amendment) | Same as above | For draft Secondary Plans policies and mapping/schedules, within 30 - 45 calendar days the Region shall: a) indicate whether or not the Secondary Plan is exempt from Regional approval; and b) provide comments |
| Other Comprehensive Local Official Plan Amendment | Same as above | As determined in consultation with the area municipality |
| Site specific Local Official Plan Amendment | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 20 calendar days |
| Comprehensive zoning by-law | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 30 - 45 calendar days |
| Site specific zoning by-law amendment (including Holding Provision) | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 20 calendar days |
| Draft plans of subdivision or condominium | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 30 - 45 calendar days |
| Modifications to Draft Approved Subdivision and Condominium | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 30 - 45 calendar days |
| Consent | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 10 calendar days in urban areas and within 14 calendar days in rural areas (on private services). |

| Application Type | Pre-Consultation | Target for Comments After Circulation of a Complete Application |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Minor Variance | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 10 calendar days. |
| Site Plan | Same as above | Parties to provide comments within 20 calendar days |
| Extension of draft Approval | N/A | Parties to provide comments within 10 calendar days |
| Clearance of Conditions | N/A | Parties to provide comments within 15 calendar days |
| Niagara Escarpment Development Permit | N/A | Parties to provide comments within 30 calendar days |
| Niagara Escarpment Plan Amendment | N/A | Parties to provide comments within 60 calendar days |

Notes for Table 2

1. To convene a pre-consultation meeting, the lead agency must have enough information from the applicant for the parties to complete an initial analysis and provide advice, including but not limited to advice on requirements for a Complete Application.
2. All due dates are from the time of receipt by the commenting parties and are for applications deemed complete as determined by the parties as part of pre-consultation.
3. Studies that require peer review may require an additional 30-60 day review period.
4. Revisions to Plans of Subdivision or Condominium during the review process may result in the review period being extended depending on the complexity of the revisions and the need for revised studies.
5. When new issues arise from the analysis of studies or required consultation during application review which results in the need for additional information or study, additional review time may be required.

Part 8 - Endorsement and Signature Pages

Regional Municipality of Niagara

Date of Regional Council endorsement: Date of signature: Jan 20/20

CAO Signature: 

Date of Council Endorsement Dec 12/19

Town of Fort Erie

Date of Town Council endorsement: May 6/19

CAO Signature: 

Town of Grimsby

Date of Town Council endorsement: May 21/19

CAO Signature: 

Town of Lincoln

Date of Town Council endorsement: Jun. 10/19

CAO Signature: 

City of Niagara Falls

Date of City Council endorsement: May 14/19

CAO Signature: 

Town of Niagara-on-the-Lake

Date of Town Council endorsement: Nov. 13/19

CAO Signature: 

Town of Pelham

Date of Town Council endorsement: May 21/19

CAO Signature: 

City of Port Colborne

Date of City Council endorsement: May 13/19

CAO Signature: 

City of St. Catharines

Date of City Council endorsement:

CAO Signature:

September 9, 2019

[Signature]

Authorized by By-law No. 2019-244 of the City of St. Catharines

Approved

[Signature]
Solicitor

Clerk

City of Thorold

Date of City Council endorsement:

CAO Signature:

Date of Signature: Jan 17, 2020

Date of Council Endorsement: May 17, 2019

Township of Wainfleet

Date of Township Council endorsement:

CAO Signature:

[Signature] May 14/19

City of Welland

Date of City Council endorsement:

CAO Signature:

Date of signature: Jan 17, 2020

Date of Council Endorsement: April 16/19

Township of West Lincoln

Date of Township Council endorsement:

CAO Signature:

[Signature]
Date of signature: Jan 17/20

Date of Council Endorsement: April 16, 2019

Part 9 – Appendices

Appendix I - Niagara Area Planners' Work Program 2019-2022

1. Review the issues related to the package of information circulated for preparation of a pre-consultation meeting, as this impacts the ability to prepare and provide comprehensive information to the applicant and others. It is expected that an update to the standard forms (e.g. Pre-consultation Request Form) and required information would help in this regard.
2. Prepare standardized terms of reference for studies (for example: planning justification, noise, air quality, etc.). Standardization would aid in the scoping of studies, as well as, ensure consistency.
3. In addition to the standardized checklist, prepare a standardized letter to be provided at a pre-consultation meeting that acknowledges the potential for exemption from further regional review.
4. Review the possibility of regional exemption for an extension request for a draft approved Plan of Subdivision or Condominium.
5. Prepare standardized guidelines or terms of reference for the preparation of Secondary Plans to ensure Secondary Plans across the region are comprehensive, consistent and timely.
6. Investigate the implementation of a portal where an application can be tracked in order that a developer/consultant can understand the rate of movement.
7. Hold education programs, in consultation with the development industry, on topics including, but not limited to:
 - “The Business of Development – Understanding Development Performa”,
 - Customer Service related to Development (“Race to Register”).
8. Review the issues identified by the Development Industry related to securities, including but not limited to standardization and release of securities.
9. Formulate a collaborative multiyear policy planning program for Niagara that addresses:
 - Conformity of the Regional Official Plan to Provincial plans and policies;
 - Conformity of Local Official Plans to the Regional Official Plan;

- Timely update of Comprehensive Zoning By-laws to conform to Local Official Plans;
 - Harmonization of Regional and Local Official Plan policies and Conservation Authority regulations and policies, where possible; and
 - Alignment of guidelines and protocol between the Parties, such as guidelines that set out requirements for preparation of a Secondary Plan; and
10. Continued efforts to streamline the development review process, as it relates to Provincial, NPCA and regional/local interests.
11. Modifications to Regional Official Plan policies 14.E.6, 14.E.7, 14.E.8, 14.E.9 with respect to exemption policies (e.g., Secondary Plans).

Appendix II

Support Services - Niagara Region

From time to time, the area municipalities may require support. The Region may provide support services to the MOU parties on a fee for service basis in the following areas:

Urban Design

EIS Review

Noise Study Review

Appendix III

Protocol for Planning Services Between the Regional Municipality of Niagara and the Niagara Peninsula conservation Authority, approved January 2018

Protocol
For Planning Services
Between
the Regional Municipality of Niagara (The Region)
And
the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority (NPCA)

January 2018

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List of Appendices

Appendix A - Excerpt from the 2001 Memorandum of Understanding on Procedures to Address Conservation Authority Delegated Responsibility

Appendix B - Excerpt from the Provincial Policy Statement 2014 – Conservation Responsibility for Natural Hazards

Appendix C - Excerpt from the Ontario Regulation 155/06 Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority: Regulation of Development, Interface with Wetlands and Alterations to Shorelines and Watercourses

1.0 Basis

In 2007, the Niagara Region, local area municipalities and NPCA signed a Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) for improving the planning function in Niagara with the ultimate goal of having *“an integrated and seamless planning system that is embraced and easily understood by Councils, the public, applicants and staff that encourages participation in policy development and application processing.”*

Part 3 of the MOU - *Consolidation of the Review of Planning Applications as they Relate to the Natural Environment* - assigned to the NPCA certain responsibilities as part of its review of development applications¹ and proposed policy, and providing technical clearance services with respect to compliance with the Regional Official Plan and Provincial Policies and Plans. Specifics of this assignment of function were detailed in the *Protocol for Plan Review and Technical Clearance* (“Protocol”) between the Region and NPCA, which was approved in 2008.

The MOU was reviewed and revised in 2011 and again in 2014. The Protocol has not been updated since its inception in 2008.

The MOU and Protocol have succeeded in managing relationships, reducing duplication and effecting continuous improvements. Since that time changes have occurred in Niagara in terms of legislation, relationships, resources, and growth that have impacted the established roles and responsibilities, particularly with respect to the review of environmental matters.

Through this revised Protocol, the NPCA and the Region will establish a new framework within which the NPCA will provide specified updated services to the Region.

This 2018 Protocol is intended to replace in its entirety the 2008 Protocol. Subsequent to the approval of the 2018 Protocol, the MOU will be updated to incorporate the approved revised functions and other aspects of the planning program in Niagara Region.

This Protocol has been prepared for the Niagara Region and NPCA by an Area Planners MOU Working Group consisting of senior representatives from Niagara Region, NPCA and local municipalities.

2.0 Purpose

The purpose of this Protocol is to:

- Redefine, clarify and set out a new Protocol within which the NPCA will provide specified planning application, policy and technical review services to the Region;
- Identify the respective roles and responsibilities of the NPCA and the Region in Ontario’s Land Use Planning System with respect to environmental matters;
- Provide direction for consistent and streamlined circulation and review procedures for all applications under the *Planning Act*, *Environmental Assessment Act*, and *Niagara Escarpment Planning and Development Act*;
- Reinforce the positive relationship between the NPCA and the Region;
- Allow the NPCA and Region to focus on provincially mandated responsibilities, and
- Provide increased decision making autonomy.

¹ Including Planning Act, Niagara Escarpment and Development Act applications, and Environmental Assessments

3.0 Definitions

3.1 Planning Application Review means:

- The review of planning applications (including formal preconsultation) under the *Planning Act, the Niagara Escarpment Planning, and Development Act and the Environmental Assessment Act*;
- The identification of the need for and review of related technical reports (including scoping); and
- The identification of conditions of approval.

3.2 Policy Review means:

- The review of existing or new policy documents, including but not limited to stormwater management guidelines, watershed studies, secondary plans and background studies; and
- The identification of the need for and review of related technical reports.

3.3 Technical Clearance Review means:

- The assessment of technical reports submitted by a proponent of development to determine if the reports satisfy the specified requirements; and
- The clearing of conditions.

3.4 Lead Agency means:

- The organization responsible for the principal review of an environmental feature located within or in proximity to land subject to a planning application to ensure compliance and conformity with all applicable legislation and regulations; and
- The organization responsible for the principal review of proposed policies, studies, guidelines or Environmental Assessments as they relate to environmental features to ensure compliance and conformity with all applicable legislation and regulations.

3.5 Environment Feature means:

- All of the environmental features identified in the first column of Table 1 of this Protocol.

3.6 Natural Hazards means:

- Those environmental features identified in Table 1 of this Protocol as natural hazards and/or identified in the 2014 Provincial Policy Statement Section 3.1.

4.0 Principles

This Protocol is based upon the following principles:

1. Adoption of improvements to the planning application processes which results in streamlining and consistency.
2. Direction that interpreting policy is the responsibility of the organization writing and approving that policy unless delegated by the approving authority.
3. Continuing cooperation between the NPCA and the Region.
4. Effective communication and collaboration.
5. Effective, proactive planning².
6. Effective leveraging of resources to deliver planning application, policy and technical clearance reviews.
7. Eliminate overlap in planning application review processes to the extent possible.

5.0 Jurisdiction

This Protocol applies to those lands within the Regional Municipality of Niagara.

² Proactive planning refers to preparing new or updating existing comprehensive studies and guidelines that assist in the early identification of issues and the need for additional study, and include, but are not limited to, watershed and sub-watershed planning, stormwater guidelines, master servicing plans, updates to Schedule C of the Regional Official Plan, etc.

6.0 Roles and Responsibilities

6.1 NPCA

- 6.1.1 The NPCA, through the *Memorandum of Understanding between Conservation Ontario, the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing and the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry*, is responsible for providing the Provincial interest comments on policy documents and development applications related to natural hazards (Section 3.1 of the Provincial Policy Statement except Section 3.1.8). See Appendices A and B. Specifically, the NPCA will provide planning application, policy and technical clearance reviews to ensure consistency with the Provincial Policy Statement related to flooding hazards, erosion hazards, dynamic beach hazards, unstable soils and unstable bedrock. This function is not impacted by this Protocol.
- 6.1.2 The NPCA has legislated responsibilities under the *Conservation Authorities Act* (see Appendix C) and will continue to provide planning application and technical clearance reviews pursuant to the NPCA Regulation, as administered through Board approved policies. This function is not impacted by this Protocol.
- 6.1.3 The NPCA will provide the services as identified in Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3.
- 6.1.4 The NPCA will review Region-initiated studies and projects, pursuant to the NPCA Regulation, as administered through Board approved policies, and to the Memorandum of Understanding between the Province and the Conservation Authorities, as a commenting agency without fee to the Region.
- 6.1.5 The NPCA will provide comments on Environmental Assessments pursuant to the NPCA Regulation, as administered through Board approved policies, and pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding between the Province and the Conservation Authorities.
- 6.1.6 The NPCA will actively participate in formal pre-consultation meetings with developers and landowners when environmental features identified in Table 1 (when the NPCA is the Lead Agency) have potential to be impacted. To help ensure a consistent planning application review and a coordinated message, the NPCA and Region, together with the local municipality, will participate in pre-consultation meetings at the same time with the proponents. The NPCA will work to scope the complete application requirements related to environmental matters prior to the preconsultation meeting. Should the NPCA determine that no environmental features (where the NPCA is identified as the Lead Agency as shown in Table 1) will be impacted, the NPCA will notify the approving authority and may not attend the pre-consultation meeting.
- 6.1.7 The NPCA will scope Environment Impact Studies (EIS) and review the Terms of Reference (ToR) for EIS and similar reports to ensure *natural hazards* and NPCA Regulation/Policy are addressed.
- 6.1.8 Where the NPCA is identified as the Lead Agency on Table 1, the NPCA will provide Technical Clearance on the EIS with respect to those environmental features only.
- 6.1.9 The NPCA will copy the Region on all responses to requests for comment on development planning, technical clearance and policy matters.
- 6.1.10 Nothing in this Protocol shall limit the NPCA from independently appealing a decision or lack of a decision to the Ontario Municipal Board (OMB) or other tribunal. The NPCA will provide notice of an appeal to the Region and local municipality at the time of appeal.
- 6.1.11 The NPCA will provide the Region with its Regulatory Screening Map and provide regular updates.

6.2 Niagara Region

- 6.2.1 The Region will provide planning application review and technical clearance services as identified in Tables 1, 2 and 3, to ensure consistency with the Regional Official Plan, Provincial Policies, Provincial Plans, the Provincial Policy Statement (except Section 3.1 Natural Hazards policies 3.1.1 to 3.1.7), and matters of Provincial Interest.
- 6.2.2 The Region shall circulate to the NPCA for planning application review and/or technical clearance, all Regionally led planning applications, studies or Environmental Assessments that are located in or adjacent to a NPCA property or within a regulated feature/area.
- 6.2.3 The Region in its review of *Planning Act* and *Escarpment Planning and Development Act* applications and *Environmental Assessments* will comment on stormwater management, as identified in Table 3, in accordance with MOECC Stormwater Management Guidelines as well as the NPCA Stormwater Management Guidelines until such time as new stormwater management guidelines are approved by the Region.
- 6.2.4 The Region will review NPCA-initiated studies and projects without fee to the NPCA.
- 6.2.5 The Region will actively participate in formal preconsultation meetings with developers and landowners. To help ensure a consistent planning application review and a coordinated message, the NPCA and Region, together with the local municipality, will participate in preconsultation at the same time with the proponents.
- 6.2.6 Prior to a formal pre-consultation meeting, the Region will work to scope the complete application requirements related to environmental features by identifying environmental features that will be need to be addressed in an Environment Impact Study³ (EIS). Where the NPCA, Region and/or local municipality have identified interests, the Lead Agency (see Table 2) will consult with those parties on the review of the EIS Terms of Reference.
- 6.2.7 Where the Region is identified as the Lead Agency on Table 1, the Region will provide Technical Clearance on EIS with respect to those environmental features.
- 6.2.8 Nothing in this Protocol shall limit the Niagara Region from independently appealing a decision or lack of a decision to the Ontario Municipal Board (OMB) or other tribunal.
- 6.2.9 The Region will be responsible for preparation and maintenance of a comprehensive natural environment screening map, incorporating the NPCA Regulatory screening map as provided and updated by the NPCA.

7.0 Coordination of Environmental Comments on Development Applications

The MOU, as may be revised, gives overall directions for the coordination of development applications, policy and Environmental Assessments review. For the purposes of clarity with respect to environmental features, the NPCA will review the following list of applications in accordance with the Conservation Ontario MOU with the Province and ensure that they are consistent with the NPCA Regulation, NPCA Board adopted Policies and Section 3.1. Natural Hazards of the Provincial Policy Statement (except Section 3.1.8). This may include providing comments directly to MMAH as part of the provincial one window process. The NPCA will copy the Region and local municipality on all correspondence.

- Regional Official Plan and Amendments
- Local Official Plans and Amendments

³ Includes characterisation reports, natural heritage systems reports and other environmental reports.

- Zoning By-laws and Amendments
- Subdivisions/Condominiums
- Environmental Assessments
- Other Development Applications including: Site Plan, Consents, Minor Variances and NEC Development Permits

8.0 Protocol Terms and Implementation

The Region and NPCA agree to the following:

8.1 Monitoring and Cancellation

This Protocol will be reviewed and amended concurrent with the Memorandum of Understanding between the local municipalities, NPCA and Region to:

- Reflect any changing policies or programs at the provincial, watershed, or regional level, and
- Assess its effectiveness, relevance and appropriateness with respect to the affected parties.

8.2 Transition of Responsibilities

When a complete⁴ development application, Notice of Commencement for an Environmental Assessment (EA) or major study (such as a Secondary Plan) has been received by the NPCA from a local area municipality or the Region prior to the effective date of this Protocol, the NPCA will continue to review the application consistent with the NPCA's roles and responsibilities identified in the 2008 Protocol in accordance with a matrix of open files to be prepared by the Region and NPCA, after which the files will transition to the 2018 Protocol provisions and the Region will assume responsibility.

In an effort to continue the timely reviews of development applications, EAs and major studies during the transition period, the NPCA may support the Region by providing expertise as needed on a fee for service basis; alternatively the Region may hire consultants as necessary.

8.3 Overlapping Mandate

There will be occasions when the responsibilities of the NPCA and the Region overlap. On those occasions, both parties shall work together to provide consistent and sound comments. This will be accomplished by maintaining open dialogue and a good working relationship.

8.4 Conflict

- a) Where this Protocol is in conflict with the 2014 MOU, this Protocol will take precedence.
- b) Where there is conflict between new (changing) legislation and this Protocol, new legislation will take precedence.
- c) Subject to paragraph (d) below, where there is a conflict between the Region's Official Plan, the NPCA Regulation and/or Board adopted policies, the Regulation shall take precedence.

⁴ As determined by the approving authority generally as identified through pre-consultation and shown on the Pre-consultation Form/Letter.

- d) Where there are policy conflicts only, Regional, NPCA and local municipal staffs will work together to resolve the issue. If all efforts fail to resolve a policy conflict, a decision will be made by the approval authority, as per Table 2.

8.5 Streamlining

Further streamlining of the planning review process, as it relates to Provincial, NPCA and regional/local interests, is encouraged.

8.6 Information Sharing / Open Data

Any information or data sources generated by the Province, NPCA or Region, or generated through municipal or watershed studies will be shared, where possible.

8.7 Fees

- a) The Region will collect the NPCA Fee for applications to amend the Region's Official Plan and remit any fees collected upon circulation of the application to the NPCA; fees for planning review and technical clearance services will be set by the NPCA;
- b) The NPCA will be responsible for collecting any further processing, approvals and/or Final Clearance Fees, if required; and,
- c) The NPCA will provide the Region and the local municipalities with an approved schedule of fees and updates.

8.8 Effective Date

This Protocol will take effect on the last date signed by the parties to this Protocol.

Date of Regional Council approval _____.

Date of NPCA Board approval _____.

Table 1: Responsibilities for Planning Application Review with Respect to Environmental Features

| Environmental Features | Lead Agency | Mandate Authority | Planning Application and Policy Review Agency | Technical Clearance Review |
|--|-------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| Natural Hazards ⁵ | | | | |
| Flooding Hazards, Floodways and Floodplains | NPCA | PPS Section 3.1, MOU with Province, O. Reg. 155/06 | NPCA | NPCA |
| Dynamic Beach and Erosion Hazards | NPCA | PPS Section 3.1, MOU with Province, O. Reg. 155/06 | NPCA | NPCA |
| Hazardous Lands and Hazardous Sites | NPCA | PPS Section 3.1, MOU with Province, O. Reg. 155/06 | NPCA | NPCA |
| Riverine Hazards | NPCA | PPS Section 3.1, MOU with Province, O. Reg. 155/06 | NPCA | NPCA |
| Regulated Watercourses | NPCA | PPS Section 3.1, MOU with Province, O. Reg. 155/06 | NPCA | NPCA |
| Wildland Fires | Region | PPS Section 3.1.8 | Region | Region |
| Natural Heritage | | | | |
| Wetlands | NPCA/Region | O. Reg. 155/06 PPS Section 2.1, ROP | NPCA/Region | NPCA/Region |
| Habitat of Endangered and Threatened Species | MNR | Endangered Species Act (Federal and Provincial), ROP | Region | MNR |
| Significant Woodlands | Region | PPS Section 2.1, ROP | Region | Region |
| Significant Wildlife Habitat | Region | PPS Section 2.1, ROP | Region | Region |

⁵ For the purposes of this document reference to PPS Section 3.1 includes Policies 3.1.1 to 3.1.7 only.

| Environmental Features | Lead Agency | Mandate Authority | Planning Application and Policy Review Agency | Technical Clearance Review |
|---|-------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| Significant Valleylands | Region | PPS Section 2.1, ROP | Region | Region |
| Significant ANSIs (life and earth) | Region | PPS Section 2.1, ROP | Region | Region |
| Fish Habitat | DFO | Fisheries Act, PPS Section 2.1, ROP | Region | DFO |
| Water Resource | | | | |
| Vulnerable Groundwater Areas | Region | PPS Section 2.2, ROP | Region | Region |
| Groundwater Features | Region | PPS Section 2.2, ROP | Region | Region |
| Stormwater Management | Region | PPS Section 2.2, ROP | Region / Local | Region |
| Key Hydrologic Features | Region | Provincial Plans, ROP | Region | Region |
| Sensitive Water Features | Region | PPS Section 2.2, ROP | Region | Region |
| Significant Groundwater Recharge Areas | Region | Provincial Plans, ROP | Region | Region |
| Significant Surface Water Contribution Areas | Region | Provincial Plans, ROP | Region | Region |
| Intake Protection Zones/Vulnerable Surface Water Features | Local | Clean Water Act 2006 PPS Section 2.2, ROP | Region / Local | N/A |

Acronyms from Table 1

DFO – Depart of Fisheries and Oceans

NEC – Niagara Escarpment Commission

O. Reg. 155/06 - Provincial Legislation with respect to the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority: Regulation of Development, Interference with wetlands and Alteration to Shorelines and Watercourses.

PPS - Provincial Policy Statement 2014

ROP – Regional Official Plan

Table 2: Implementation Responsibilities

| Processes / Reports / Submissions | Lead Agency | Responsibility for Final Approval |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Application Processes | | |
| Regional Official Plan/Amendments | Region | Region |
| Local Official Plan/Amendments | Local | Local / Region ⁶ |
| Zoning By-Law/Amendments | Local | Local |
| Draft Plans of Subdivision | Local | Local |
| Site Plan | Local | Local |
| Draft Plan of Condominium | Local | Local |
| Minor Variance/Permissions | Local | Local |
| Consent/Boundary Adjustments | Local | Local |
| NEC Applications | NEC | NEC |
| Building Permits | Local | Local |
| Aggregate Licence | Local / Region / MNRF | MNRF |
| Environmental Assessments | Local / Region / Province | Local / Region / Province |
| Reports / Studies | | |
| EIS in a NPCA Regulated Area | NPCA | NPCA |
| EIS outside Settlement Area ⁷ | Region | Region |
| EIS inside Settlement Area ⁸ | Local | Local |
| Watershed Studies | Region | Region |
| Subwatershed Studies | Local | Local |
| Technical Reports for Natural Hazard Identification | NPCA | NPCA |
| Regional Master Servicing Plans | Region | Region |
| Regional Stormwater Guidelines | Region | Region |

Notes for Table 2:

- (i) The responsibility for the Review of Environmental Features is as noted in Table 1
- (ii) The responsibility for Technical Clearance of Environmental Features is as noted in Table 1

⁶ Regional Official Plan Policies 14.E.7 and 14.E.8 identify criteria under which approval of Local Official Plan Amendment amendments may be delegated to the local Council for approval.

⁷ Notwithstanding the EIS is outside the Settlement Area, if the EIS includes a NPCA Regulated Area, the NPCA shall be the Lead and responsible for Final Approval of the EIS for the regulated features.

⁸ Notwithstanding the EIS is within the Settlement Area, if the EIS includes a NPCA Regulated Area, the NPCA shall be the Lead and responsible for Final Approval of the EIS for the regulated features.

Table 3: Responsibilities for Stormwater Management Review with Respect to Area of Interest

| Area of Interest | NPCA | Region | MOECC | Local |
|--|------|--------|-------|-------|
| Determination of need for Stormwater Report – Quality and Quantity | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| Review of Stormwater Report | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Location of Facility with Respect to Vision of Area | | | | ✓ |
| Location of Facility with Respect to Natural Hazards | ✓ | | | |
| Location of Facility with Respect to Functionality | | * | | ✓ |
| Confirmation of Drainage Areas | | * | | ✓ |
| Sizing of Facility with Respect to Quality, Erosion and Quantity Controls, including Release Rates and Settling Calculations | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| Other Potential Impacts on Receiving Watercourse (e.g. thermal, water balance, etc) | | ✓ | | |
| Outlet Structure and Spillway Design | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Outlet to Watercourse (if necessary) | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Safety – Side Slopes, Grating, Grading, Emergency Access | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| Landscaping/Re-vegetation | | | | ✓ |
| Long Term Maintenance | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Major and Minor Flow Conveyance (internal to subdivision) | | | | ✓ |
| Hydraulic Gradeline Analysis of Storm Sewer and Outlet | | | | ✓ |

*The Region will be involved in instances where the drainage of a Regional Road may be impacted.

Appendix A - Excerpt from the Memorandum of Understanding on Procedures to Address Conservation Authority Delegated Responsibility

Conservation Ontario, Ministry of Natural Resources & Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing

Memorandum of Understanding on Procedures to Address Conservation Authority Delegated Responsibility

2001

Purpose of the MOU

The MOU defines the roles and relationships between Conservation Authorities (CAs), the Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR), and the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and housing (MMAH) in planning for implementation of CA delegated responsibilities under the Provincial One Window Planning System...

Roles and Responsibilities

Conservation Authorities (CAs)

- a) The CAs will review policy documents and development proposals processed under the Planning Act to ensure that the application has appropriate regard to Section 3.1 of the PPS. [see Appendix C]
- b) Upon request from MMAH, CAs will provide comments directly to MMAH on planning matters related to Section 3.1 of the PPS as part of the provincial one window review process.
- c) Where there may be a potential conflict regarding a Conservation Authority's comments on a planning application with respect to Section 3.1 of the PPS and comments from provincial ministries regarding other Sections of the PPS, the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing will facilitate discussions amongst the affected ministries and the Conservation Authority so that a single integrated position can be reached.
- d) CAs will apprise MMAH of planning matters where there is an issue as to whether there has been "regard to" Section 3.1 of the PPS to determine whether or not direct involvement by the province is required.
- e) Where appropriate, CAs will initiate an appeal to the OMB to address planning matters where there is an issue as to whether there has been "regard to" Section 3.1 of the PPS is at issue. CAs may request MMAH to support the appeal.
- f) CAs will participate in provincial review of applications for Special Policy Area approval.
- g) CAs will work with MMAH, to develop screening and streamlining procedures that eliminate unnecessary delays and duplication of effort.

Appendix B - Excerpt from the Provincial Policy Statement 2014 – Conservation Responsibility for Natural Hazards

3.1 Natural Hazards

3.1.1 Development shall generally be directed to areas outside of:

- a. hazardous lands adjacent to the shorelines of the Great Lakes - St. Lawrence River System and large inland lakes which are impacted by flooding hazards, erosion hazards and/or dynamic beach hazards;
- b. hazardous lands adjacent to river, stream and small inland lake systems which are impacted by flooding hazards and/or erosion hazards; and
- c. hazardous sites.

3.1.2 *Development and site alteration* shall not be permitted within:

- a. the dynamic beach hazard;
- b. defined portions of the flooding hazard along connecting channels (the St. Marys, St. Clair, Detroit, Niagara and St. Lawrence Rivers);
- c. areas that would be rendered inaccessible to people and vehicles during times of flooding hazards, erosion hazards and/or dynamic beach hazards, unless it has been demonstrated that the site has safe access appropriate for the nature of the development and the natural hazard; and
- d. a floodway regardless of whether the area of inundation contains high points of land not subject to flooding.

3.1.3 Planning authorities shall consider the potential impacts of climate change that may increase the risk associated with natural hazards.

3.1.4 Despite policy 3.1.2, *development and site alteration* may be permitted in certain areas associated with the *flooding hazard along river, stream and small inland lake systems*:

- a. in those exceptional situations where a *Special Policy Area* has been approved. The designation of a *Special Policy Area*, and any change or modification to the official plan policies, land use designations or boundaries applying to *Special Policy Area* lands, must be approved by the Ministers of Municipal Affairs and Housing and Natural Resources prior to the approval authority approving such changes or modifications; or
- b. where the *development* is limited to uses which by their nature must locate within the *floodway*, including flood and/or erosion control works or minor additions or passive non-structural uses which do not affect flood flows.

3.1.5 *Development* shall not be permitted to locate in *hazardous lands* and *hazardous sites* where the use is:

- a. an *institutional use* including hospitals, long-term care homes, retirement homes, pre-schools, school nurseries, day cares and schools;
- b. an *essential emergency service* such as that provided by fire, police and ambulance stations and electrical substations; or
- c. uses associated with the disposal, manufacture, treatment or storage of *hazardous substances*.

3.1.6 Where the *two zone concept* for *flood plains* is applied, *development* and *site alteration* may be permitted in the *flood fringe*, subject to appropriate floodproofing to the *flooding hazard* elevation or another *flooding hazard* standard approved by the Minister of Natural Resources.

3.1.7 Further to policy 3.1.6, and except as prohibited in policies 3.1.2 and 3.1.5, *development* and *site alteration* may be permitted in those portions of *hazardous lands* and *hazardous sites* where the effects and risk to public safety are minor, could be mitigated in accordance with provincial standards, and where all of the following are demonstrated and achieved:

- a. development and site alteration is carried out in accordance with floodproofing standards, protection works standards, and access standards;
- b. vehicles and people have a way of safely entering and exiting the area during times of flooding, erosion and other emergencies;
- c. new hazards are not created and existing hazards are not aggravated; and
- d. no adverse environmental impacts will result.⁹

3.1.8 *Development* shall generally be directed to areas outside of lands that are unsafe for *development* due to the presence of *hazardous forest types* for *wildland fire*.

Development may however be permitted in lands with hazardous forest types for wildland fire where the risk is mitigated in accordance with wildland fire assessment and mitigation standards.¹⁰

⁹ Policy 3.1.7 of the PPS was added to the PPS in 2014, and was not part of the Memorandum of Understanding on Procedure to Address Conservation Authority Delegated Responsibility in 2001 between Conservation Ontario, Ministry of Natural Resources & Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing. However, Policy 3.1.7 provides clarity to Policies 3.1.2 and 3.1.5 and therefore could be considered part of the NPCA mandate.

¹⁰ Policy 3.1.8 of the PPS was added to the PPS in 2014, and was not part of the Memorandum of Understanding on Procedures to Address Conservation Authority Delegated Responsibility in 2001 between Conservation Ontario, Ministry of Natural Resources & Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing. As wildland fire is a new hazard, it should not be considered part of the NPCA mandate unless the Province gives further direction on this matter.

**Appendix C - Excerpt from the Ontario Regulation 155/06 Niagara Peninsula
Conservation Authority: Regulation of Development, Interface with Wetlands and
Alterations to Shorelines and Watercourses**

Development prohibited

2. (1) Subject to section 3, no person shall undertake development or permit another person to undertake development in or on the areas within the jurisdiction of the Authority that are,

(a) adjacent or close to the shoreline of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence River System or to inland lakes that may be affected by flooding, erosion or dynamic beaches, including the area from the furthest offshore extent of the Authority's boundary to the furthest landward extent of the aggregate of the following distances:

(i) the 100 year flood level, plus the appropriate allowance for wave uprush shown in the most recent document entitled "Lake Ontario Shoreline Management Plan" available at the head office of the Authority,

(ii) the 100 year flood level, plus the appropriate allowance for wave uprush shown in the most recent document entitled "Lake Erie Shoreline Management Plan" available at the head office of the Authority,

(iii) the predicted long term stable slope projected from the existing stable toe of the slope or from the predicted location of the toe of the slope as that location may have shifted as a result of shoreline erosion over a 100-year period,

(iv) where a dynamic beach is associated with the waterfront lands, the appropriate allowance inland to accommodate dynamic beach movement shown in the most recent document entitled "Lake Ontario Shoreline Management Plan" available at the head office of the Authority, and

(v) where a dynamic beach is associated with the waterfront lands, the appropriate allowance inland to accommodate dynamic beach movement shown in the most recent document entitled "Lake Erie Shoreline Management Plan" available at the head office of the Authority;

(b) river or stream valleys that have depressional features associated with a river or stream, whether or not they contain a watercourse, the limits of which are determined in accordance with the following rules:

(i) where the river or stream valley is apparent and has stable slopes, the valley extends from the stable top of bank, plus 15 metres, to a similar point on the opposite side,

(ii) where the river or stream valley is apparent and has unstable slopes, the valley extends from the predicted long term stable slope projected from the existing stable

slope or, if the toe of the slope is unstable, from the predicted location of the toe of the slope as a result of stream erosion over a projected 100-year period, plus 15 metres, to a similar point on the opposite side,

(iii) where the river or stream valley is not apparent, the valley extends the greater of,

(A) the distance from a point outside the edge of the maximum extent of the flood plain under the applicable flood event standard, to a similar point on the opposite side, and

(B) the distance of a predicted meander belt of a watercourse, expanded as required to convey the flood flows under the applicable flood standard, to a similar point on the opposite side;

(c) hazardous lands;

(d) wetlands; or

(e) other areas where development could interfere with the hydrologic function of a wetland, including areas up to 120 metres of all provincially significant wetlands and wetlands greater than 2 hectares in size, and areas within 30 metres of wetlands less than 2 hectares in size. O. Reg. 155/06, s. 2 (1); O. Reg. 71/13, s. 1 (1-3).

(2) All areas within the jurisdiction of the Authority that are described in subsection (1) are delineated as the "Regulation Limit" shown on a series of maps filed at the head office of the Authority under the map title "Ontario Regulation 97/04: Regulation for Development, Interference with Wetlands and Alterations to Shorelines and Watercourses". O. Reg. 71/13, s. 1 (4).

(3) If there is a conflict between the description of areas in subsection (1) and the areas as shown on the series of maps referred to in subsection (2), the description of areas in subsection (1) prevails. O. Reg. 71/13, s. 1 (4).